Patent Claims:

- 1-25 (canceled)
- 26. (new) A process for producing a component from an alloy that can be hardened by precipitations, comprising:

providing the component prior to machining or welding; and

carrying out, in an intermediate step, an improvement heat treatment on the component such that the improvement heat treatment coarsens the precipitations, thereby improving the welding and/or machineability of the component, and the improvement heat treatment at least in part being carried out during slow cooling at a cooling rate of 2° to 3°C/min.

- 27. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein an overaging heat treatment is carried out as the improvement heat treatment on the component in order to coarsen the precipitations.
- 28. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein a further heat treatment is carried out after the welding and/or machining, so that the microstructure that is set in this way for the areas of use of the component has better properties than without this heat treatment.
- 29. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein a subsequent heat treatment, which at least partially reverses the coarsening of the precipitations, is carried out after the welding and/or machining.
- 30. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein to produce the component, the component is cast from a melt of the alloy.
 - 31. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the component is re-densified.

- 32. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the component is re-densified prior to the improvement heat treatment.
- 33. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the component is heated up to a set temperature and the improvement heat treatment takes place at least in part through slow cooling.
- 34. (new) The process as claimed in claim 31, wherein the improvement heat treatment takes place immediately after the re-densification.
- 35. (new) The process as claimed in claim 30, wherein the improvement heat treatment is carried out immediately after casting.
- 36. (new) The process as claimed in claim 34, wherein the re-densification is carried out by means of hot isostatic pressing.
- 37. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the alloy used is an iron-base, nickel-base or cobalt-base superalloy.
 - 38. (new) The process as claimed in claim 37, wherein the alloy includes the γ phase.
- 39. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein a weld filler of a similar analysis to the base metal is used for the welding.
- 40. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein a weld filler which is of the same composition as the alloy is used for the welding.
- 41. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein a weld filler which can be hardened by a precipitation is used for the welding.

- 42. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein a weld location is formed during the welding, and in that the at least one weld location is hammered.
- 43. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the alloy used is the material IN 738LC or IN 939.
- 44. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein for the improvement heat treatment the component is held at a temperature and then the component is cooled.
- 45. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the improvement heat treatment takes place at least at a solution-annealing temperature of the alloy.
- 46. (new) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the overaging heat treatment takes place at 1180°C.
- 47. (new) The process as claimed in claim 29, wherein the subsequent heat treatment for at least partially reversing the coarse precipitations is carried out at least in part at a solution-annealing temperature.
- 48. (new) The process as claimed in claim 29, wherein the subsequent heat treatment for at least partially reversing the coarse precipitations is carried out at least in part during cooling at a cooling rate of from 20°C to 40°C per minute.
- 49. (new) The process as claimed in claim 41, wherein the precipitations of the weld filler form at least 35% by volume.
- 50. (new) The process as claimed in claim 31, wherein the temperature for the redensification is below the solidus line of the material of the component.